

REMARKS

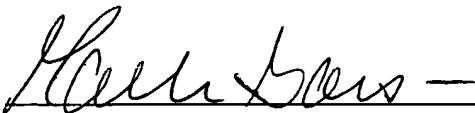
Claims 1-22 remain in the application. Claims 1-22 have been amended to place them in better form for U.S. practice. It is respectfully requested that the foregoing supplemental preliminary amendment be entered prior to examination. Also enclosed is a Request for Approval of Drawing Change.

Due to the number of amendments, a substitute specification pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.125 and MPEP § 608.01 (q) is submitted herewith to facilitate the prosecution of this application. The substitute specification is accompanied by a marked up copy showing the changes between the original application, as filed, and the substitute specification. The substitute specification does not contain any new matter and includes the same changes as are indicated in the marked up copy. Applicant respectfully requests that the substitute specification be entered in this case.

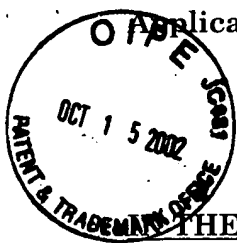
Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version with markings to show changes made."

Respectfully submitted,

CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE, LLP

By  _____
Mark Garscia
Reg. No. 31,953
626/795-9900

MEG/eaj



VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

THE CLAIMS

1. (Amended) A [E]cable or Bowden cable window lifter for motor vehicles [~~having~~] comprising:

at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~] with a longitudinally aligned slot [~~(20, 20')~~] and mounted on a carrier plate [~~(1)~~] of a motor vehicle door[;];

[a] at least one carrier [~~(3, 3')~~] holding a window pane and displaceable along the at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~], wherein the at least one carrier bears at least in part against [~~the~~] an outside [~~(21)~~] and [~~the~~] an inside [~~(22)~~] of the at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~] and engages through the slot [~~(20, 20')~~][;];

reversing devices [~~(5, 5'; 6, 6')~~] mounted at [~~the~~] ends of the at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~][;]; and

a cable [~~(8)~~] in active connection with the at least one carrier [~~(3, 3')~~] and with a drive device [~~(7, 70)~~], the cable [~~and~~] guided over the reversing device,

[~~characterised in that~~] wherein the carrier plate [~~(1) itself~~] undertakes [~~the~~] a separating and a sealing function and [~~that the~~] an open side of the at least one guide rail[s] [~~(2, 2')~~] shaped [~~out~~] from [~~the~~] a base surface [~~(B)~~] of the carrier plate [~~(1) is covered in a manner which~~] has a cover that provides a moisture seal.

2. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 [~~characterised in that~~] wherein the cover [~~(9)~~] is designed flat and is mounted in [~~the~~] a plane of the base surface [~~(B)~~] of at least one of the carrier plate [~~(1) or~~] and the at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~].

3. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 [~~or 2 characterised in that~~] wherein the cover comprises a permanent adhesive strip [~~(9)~~].

4. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 [~~or 2 characterised in that~~] wherein the cover [~~consists of~~] comprises a shaped part [~~(10)~~] inserted into the inside [~~(22)~~] of the at least one guide rail [~~(2, 2')~~].

5. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[or 2 characterised in that]~~ wherein the cover ~~[consists of]~~ comprises a shaped member ~~[(11)]~~ connected to the carrier plate ~~[(1)]~~ and resting on ~~[the]~~ edges of the carrier plate ~~[(1)]~~ which adjoin the at least one guide rail ~~[(2, 2^a)]~~.

6. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[or 2 characterised in that]~~ wherein the cover ~~[consists of]~~ comprises a shaped member ~~[(12)]~~ which can be inserted by side projections ~~[(121, 122)]~~ into grooves ~~[(21, 22)]~~ of the at least one guide rail, ~~[(2, 2^a)]~~ wherein the at least one guide rail is one of [which is] shaped out of the base surface ~~[(B)]~~ of the carrier plate and coupled to the carrier plate in at least one of ~~[(1), or in]~~ grooves, slots ~~[or]~~ and hooks on the carrier plate ~~[(1)]~~, and wherein the cover has a cable socket ~~[(123)]~~ for guiding the cable ~~[(8)]~~.

7. (Twice Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 4 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the shaped part ~~[(10) or shaped member (11) consists of]~~ comprises a moulded plastics part ~~[or member]~~.

8. (Twice Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the at least one carrier ~~[(3, 3^a)]~~ is formed in two parts and ~~[that the one]~~ a first part ~~[(31)]~~ of the at least one carrier ~~[(3, 3^a)]~~ bears against the outside ~~[(21)]~~ of the at least one guide rail ~~[(2, 2^a)]~~ and ~~[the other part]~~ a second part ~~[(32 of the carrier (3, 3^a)]~~ bears against the inside ~~[(22)]~~ of the at least one guide rail ~~[(2, 2^a)]~~.

9. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 8 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the at least one carrier ~~[(3, 3^a)]~~ is divided in ~~[the]~~ a region of ~~[the]~~ a cable nipple chamber ~~[(36)]~~ and has two openings ~~[(41, 41^a, 42, 42^a)]~~ above and below the cable nipple chamber ~~[(36)]~~ for holding ~~[the]~~ a counter member which forms the second part ~~[(32)]~~ of the at least one carrier ~~[(3, 3^a)]~~.

10. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 9 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the counter member ~~[(32)]~~ is made from a sheet metal angle ~~[(45)]~~ with a plastics insert ~~[(46)]~~.

11. (Twice Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)] is formed in one piece, [that the] a part [(33)] of the at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)] bearing against the outside [(21)] of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)] is connected to the cable [(8)] and [that the] a part [(34)] of the carrier [(3, 3^a)] bearing against the inside [(22)] of the guide rail [(2, 2^a)] is shaped so that the carrier [(3, 3^a)] can be inserted in the slot [(20)] of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)] and can be connected with keyed engagement with the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)] whilst displaceable in [the] a longitudinal direction of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)].

12. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 11 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the cable [(8)] is connected eccentrically to the at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)].

13. (Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 12 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the cable [(8)] is connected to the at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)] outside of [the] a guide surface produced by [the] an imprinting of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)].

14. (Twice Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)] is formed in one piece and has a longitudinal fixing and slide region [(30)] which is shaped such that after pushing through the slot [(20)] of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)] and turning [the] a through axis [(300)] about [the] a transverse axis of the [one-piece] at least one carrier [(3, 3^a)] the at least one carrier bears on the outside and inside [respectively] against [the] edges of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)] which adjoin the slot [(20)] of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2^a)].

15. (Twice Amended) The [W]window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the cable [(8)] is connected centrally, relative to the at least one carrier, [(3, 3^a)] to [its] a cable nipple chamber [(36)].

16. (Twice Amended) The [Cable] window lifter according to claim 1, wherein the carrier plate is curved, and ~~[for curved carrier plates characterised in that]~~ the cable [(8)] running between the reversing devices [(5, 5', 6, 6')] does not intersect ~~[the]~~ a base surface [(B)] of the carrier plate [(1)].

17. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[for curved carrier plates, characterised in that]~~ wherein the carrier plate is curved, and the cable [(8)] running between the reversing devices at least partially [(5, 5', 6, 6')] intersects a ~~[the]~~ base surface [(B)] of the carrier plate [(1)] ~~at least in parts~~ and ~~[that]~~ the cover [(9)] is formed so that it does not contact the cable [(8)] at any point.

18. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that the]~~ wherein upper and lower end regions [(2a, 2a', 2b, 2b')] of the at least one guide rail[s] [(2, 2')] are formed like ramps.

19. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the at least one guide rail[s] [(2, 2')] ~~are~~ is formed curved in ~~[the]~~ a longitudinal direction relative to ~~[the]~~ a base surface of the carrier plate [(1)].

20. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein the carrier plate [(1)] is provided with at least one of the group consisting of additional guide slots and ~~[or]~~ guide elements shaped out of ~~[the]~~ a base surface [(B)] of the carrier plate [(1)] to hold at least one of the group consisting of slide elements and ~~[or]~~ fixing elements connected to structural parts ~~[of elements]~~ of a vehicle door ~~[, more particularly arm rests]~~.

21. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 ~~[characterised in that]~~ wherein ~~[the]~~ an imprint of the at least one guide rail [(2, 2')] is formed by at least one of the group consisting of deep drawing a metal carrier plate, ~~[or]~~ stamping a metal carrier plate, ~~[(1)] or by~~ injection moulding a plastics carrier plate, ~~[or]~~ and thermoforming a plastics carrier plate [(1)].

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22. (Twice Amended) The [W] window lifter according to claim 1 [~~characterised in that the~~
wherein side edges of the carrier plate [~~(1)~~] are connectedly sealed against moisture to a carrier
plate socket of the vehicle door.

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CABLE OR BOWDEN CABLE WINDOW LIFTER

5 CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority of International application number PCT/DE00/03052, filed September 1, 2000, which in turn claims priority of German application number 199 44 916.3, filed September 14, 1999.

10

~~{Description}~~Field of Invention

15 The invention relates to a cable or Bowden cable window lifter for motor vehicles. ~~[according to the preamble of claim 1.]~~

Background

20 A cable or Bowden cable window lifter ~~[of the kind mentioned above]~~ is known from WO 98/50658 and contains an stamped, more particularly deep-drawn, carrier plate with stamped guide rails for the carriers of a window pane. The stamped carrier plate consists of a deep-drawn sheet metal profiled section having several sections standing at
25 angles to each other. Guide rails for the cable or Bowden cable window lifter are formed on the surface of the carrier plate by dish stamping or deep-drawing and serve at the same time to hold cable pulley rollers which are mounted on a support element.

30

Before fitting the support elements with the cable pulley rollers fixed thereon, the carriers are fitted onto the guide rails which are formed by dish stamping. The support elements are then pushed onto the ends of the
35 stamped rails and the cable is placed around the cable guide pulleys and connected to the carriers. The carriers

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slide up or down on the guide rails depending on the pulling direction of the window lifter cable which is guided over the cable guide pulleys whereby if necessary cable mountings arranged on the cable guide pulleys serve to attach the Bowden cable sleeves. A motor-gear unit which is provided at a suitable stamped area with apertures on the carrier plate serves to drive the cable ~~[of]~~ or Bowden cable window lifter.

10 From US C 50 58 322 a cable window lifter is known having a manual drive with a guide rail with a slot running in the longitudinal direction of the guide rail through which a carrier engages which bears against both sides of the slot of the guide rail. Upper and lower fixing plates are
15 provided at the ends of the guide rail with the guide pulleys arranged thereon. The guide rail itself is formed as a shaped sheet metal part which is fixed together with the upper and lower fixing plate in a vehicle door.

20 Summary of the Invention

The object of the present invention is to provide a cable or Bowden cable window lifter ~~[of the kind mentioned in the preamble of claim 1]~~ which ensures an exact geometric relationship between the individual parts of the window
25 lifter in one manufacturing step, which allows simple manufacture and assembly as well as selectively a wet space design of a window lifter or wet and dry space separation of the window lifter with simple means and few manufacturing steps.

30 ~~[This is achieved through the features of claim 1.]~~

The solution according to the invention provides an exact geometric relationship and alignment of the guide rails, the carriers guided thereon and the window pane fixed in
35 the carriers in one manufacturing step, a simple

{-3-}

production and assembly of the window lifter as well as when required a wet space design of the window lifter or a wet/dry space separation of the window lifter with simple means and in few manufacturing steps.

5

Starting from the cable or Bowden cable window lifter known from WO 98/50658 and having guide rails stamped in the surfaces of a carrier plate, the idea of the present invention is to configure the guide rails and integrate them into the carrier plate so that both a wet space design and also a wet/dry space separation of a cable or Bowden cable window lifter are possible and can be manufactured with simple means. Furthermore the stamping of the carrier plate is to be carried out in only few and preferably in only one work step, and the cable guide should be possible both centrally and also eccentrically in relation to the carriers without the need for structural alterations to the guide rails.

By shaping the at least one guide rail out from the base surface of the carrier plate with a slot running in the longitudinal direction of the thus shaped guide rail whereby the carrier bears against the outside and inside of the slot and engages through the slot as well as through the moisture-proof cover of the open side of the guide rail which is shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate or through the moisture-proof cover of the base surface itself, both an exact guide of the individual parts of the window lifter and also a readily producible wet/dry space separation of the window lifter is now possible.

By simply covering the curved guide rail in the region of the base surface of the carrier plate it is possible to separate the wet and dry space of the window lifter with the simplest means and to ensure simple assembly and

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adjustment of the window lifter as well as when required to allow easy access to the individual parts of the cable or Bowden cable window lifter for maintenance or repair purposes.

5

The cover for the guide rail for separating the wet and dry space can be formed flat and can be arranged in the plane of the base surface of the carrier plate or guide rail. A flat cover of this kind can consist in the simplest form of a permanent adhesive strip or an adhesive foil which is fixed on the edges of the carrier plate adjoining the guide rail which is shaped out of the base surface.

15 ~~[As an alternative]~~ In another embodiment, the cover can be formed as a part of the door inside trim of the vehicle door, ~~[that is]~~ and can consist of a part which is shaped out correspondingly from the door inside trim and covers the guide rail which is shaped out of the base surface of the carrier plate. With this embodiment the number of parts is reduced and assembly costs are simplified.

Furthermore the cover can consist of a lining which is preferably formed from a foil or foam layer and serves as protection against corrosion or as sound insulation. The lining completely covers the carrier plate so that the cover fulfils a multi-functional purpose, namely that of separating the wet and dry space, guarding against corrosion and acting as sound insulation.

30

A further ~~[design]~~ embodiment of the cover for the guide rail for separating the wet and dry space comprises a shaped part inserted in the inside of the guide rail so that this type of cover not only acts to separate the wet and dry space but also as a result of its mechanically stable shape can also fulfill stabilizing functions and

where necessary support functions for the window lifter cable.

5 In order to support the window lifter cable the shaped part has a corresponding socket for the window lifter cable and is connected sufficiently securely to the carrier plate in which it is pushed for example in guide grooves of the carrier plate arranged at the side of the guide rail which is made out of the base surface, thereby
10 producing a positive keyed connection with the carrier plate.

Furthermore there is the possibility of forming the carrier in one or more parts and of connecting the window
15 lifter cable to the carrier so that it lies selectively inside the curvature or outside of the guide rail which is shaped out of the base surface of the carrier plate.

With a two-part design of the carrier the one part of the
20 carrier lies against the outside of the guide rail and the other part of the carrier lies against the inside of the guide rail.

The carrier can be divided in the region of the cable
25 nipple chamber and can have two openings above and below the cable nipple chamber to hold the counter member which forms the second part of the carrier and which preferably consists of a sheet metal angle with a plastics insert.

30 In a one-piece design the carrier has an oblong fixing or slide region which after pushing through the slot of the guide rail and turning about its transverse axis bears on the outside or inside against the edges which adjoin the slot of the guide rail. In this one-piece embodiment the
35 carrier can be inserted in the guide rail anywhere along the guide slot and can be brought by turning about its

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transverse axis into engagement each side with the edges of the guide slot.

5 The window lifter cable can be connected centrally relative to the carrier to its cable nipple chamber. If the cable never passes through the plane of the carrier plate irrespective of the position of the carrier a simple flat adhesive foil can be used as the cover.

10 If the cable running between the reversing device intersects the base surface of the carrier plate at least at some points then the cover is formed so that it at no point contacts the cable. This can be achieved through configuring the cover to have a curved cross-section.

15

Shaping out function elements for devices in a vehicle door such as shaping out guide rails for cable or Bowden cable window lifters is not the only purpose of use. Thus a guide slot can be provided in the carrier plate or a guide part shaped out of the base surface of the support plate, through which a slide element or fixing part is pushed and thereby connected, where necessary displaceable, to the carrier plate. The slide element or fixing part can be connected to an arm rest of the vehicle door directly or through fixing elements. Through a corresponding cover of a guide slot of this kind or a guide element shaped out of the base surface it is possible to ensure the required separation of the wet and dry space in the vehicle door and in order to fit an armrest it is possible to make corrections to the positioning during or after assembly to ensure the optimum position of the arm rest.

35 The ramp-shaped design of the upper and lower end region of the guide rails, i.e. the continuous rise of the shaping or stamping of the guide rails out from the base

surface of the carrier plate or the longitudinally curved formation of the guide rails ensures optimum cable guide and insertion into the reversing devices.

- 5 Shaping or stamping out the guide rail from the base surface of the carrier plate can be produced by deep drawing or by stamping a metal carrier plate or by injection moulding or thermo-shaping a plastics carrier plate.

10

In order also to ensure the wet and dry space separation in the side region of the carrier plate according to a further feature of the invention the side parts of the carrier plate are connected in moisture-proof manner to a carrier plate socket of the motor vehicle door.

15

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The idea on which the invention is based will now be explained with reference to the embodiments illustrated in the drawings in which:

Figure 1 shows a diagrammatic perspective view of an stamped or deep-drawn carrier plate having integrated guide rails for a single or dual strand cable or Bowden cable window lifter;

25

Figure[s]2[/~~3~~] [~~are~~] is a [~~plan~~] front view [~~and inclined view respectively~~] of a carrier plate with integrated guide rails, cable guide pulleys, reinforcing stamped regions and socket openings for component parts of a motor vehicle door or a door module;

30

Figure 3 is an inclined view of a carrier plate with integrated guide rails, cable guide

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pulleys, reinforcing stamped regions and
socket openings for component parts of a
motor vehicle door or a door module;

- 5 Figure[s] 4 [~~to 7~~] shows a cross-sectional view[s] through
a guide rail shaped out of the base
surface of the carrier plate and a [~~single~~
~~and~~] two-part carrier[s] connected to the
guide rail;

10

Figure 5 shows a cross-sectional view through a
guide rail shaped out of the base surface
of the carrier plate and a single part
carrier connected to the guide rail;

15

Figure 6 shows a cross-sectional view through a
guide rail shaped out of the base surface
of the carrier plate and a two-part carrier
connected to the guide rail;

20

Figure 7 shows a cross-sectional view through a
guide rail shaped out of the base surface
of the carrier plate and a single part
carrier connected to the guide rail;

25

Figure 8 shows a cross-sectional view through a
guide rail shaped out from the base surface
of a carrier plate and having side guide
grooves and a cover connected with keyed
engagement to the guide rail;

30

Figure 9a shows a [~~plan~~] side view [~~and cross-~~
~~sectional view~~] through a shaped guide rail
and a carrier in [~~two~~] a first phase[s] of
the connection between the carrier and the
guide rail;

35

Figure 9b shows a cross-sectional view of one embodiment through a shaped guide rail and a carrier in a first phase of the connection between the carrier and the guide rail;

Figure 9c shows a cross-sectional view of the embodiment shown in Figure 9b, through a shaped guide rail and a carrier in a second phase of the connection between the carrier and the guide rail;

Figure 10 shows a perspective view through a two-part carrier prior to connection of the two carrier parts; and

Figure 11 shows the two-part carrier according to Figure 10 in the assembled state.

Detailed Description

The carrier plate 1 illustrated in Figure 1 has two guide rails 2, 2' which are shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 by stamping or deep drawing and on which carriers 3, 3' holding a window pane are mounted displaceable in the longitudinal direction of the guide rails 2, 2'. The carriers 3, 3' are connected to a cable 8 which is guided over cable guide pulleys 5, 5' in the region of the upper edge of the carrier plate 1 as well as cable guide pulleys 6, 6' in the region of the lower edge of the carrier plate 1. The cable is connected to a cable drum 70 which is driven by a motor gear unit 7.

The carriers 3, 3' are guided in a slot 20, 20' which is provided in the longitudinal direction of the stamped guide rails 2, 2' and - as will be explained in further

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detail below with reference to Figures 4 to 7 - bear against both the outside and inside of the shaped area of the guide rails 2, 2'.

- 5 Figure 1 shows a wet/dry space separation in the cable or Bowden cable window lifter since the moisture-sensitive motor gear unit 7 is mounted on the dry space side of the carrier plate 1 which is at the back in the viewing direction [~~and is~~] indicated by the arrow T, [~~while~~]
- 10 while the carriers 3, 3', the cable 8 and the cable drum 70 are provided on the wet space side which is indicated by arrow N and is located on the front side of the carrier plate 1 in the viewing direction. In order to separate the wet and dry spaces the cable drum 70 is connected to
- 15 the motor gear unit 7 through a drive shaft which is pushed through a bore of the carrier plate 1, with the passage of the drive shaft through the carrier plate 1 being sealed off.
- 20 As can already be seen from the arrangement of the individual parts of the cable or Bowden cable window lifter according to Figure 1, the wet/dry space separation can be easily undertaken and guaranteed by simply covering the open base surface of the guide rails 2, 2' in the
- 25 plane of the base surface of the carrier plate 1.

Through the one-piece embodiment with the guide rails 2, 2' shaped out of the base surface [~~B~~] of the carrier plate 1 and integrated in said carrier plate 1 and with the

30 resulting defined spacing between the two guide rails 2, 2' it is possible to observe very close tolerances during production in only one work step. Furthermore the proposed reinforcing stamped regions which can be seen from the illustration of the carrier plate 1 in Figures 2

35 and 3 enable an open system and in addition as a result of the strengthening achieved through the reinforcing stamped

{~~11~~}

regions a lighter weight construction by using thinner materials [~~whilst~~] while maintaining at the same time a high resistance to side impacts.

- 5 The stamped or deep-drawn carrier plate 1 illustrated in front view in Figure 2 and in an inclined view in Figure 3 shows the formation of the carrier plate 1 as well as the different regions of the material structure which are formed by stamping or deep-drawing the base surface B of
10 the carrier plate 1.

The guide rails 2, 2' which are shaped out and have a slot 20, 20' running in the longitudinal direction thereof project out from the base surface B of the carrier plate
15 1. At the ends of the guide rails 2, 2' are the cable guide pulleys 5, 5' and 6, 6' which are arranged so that the cable is introduced into the slot 20, 20' and can be connected to the carriers (not shown) which are mounted displaceable in the longitudinal direction of the guide
20 rails 2, 2' which are shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1. The surface of the carrier plate 1 which is located between the guide rails 2, 2' is shaped so that the cable of the cable or Bowden cable window lifter runs above the surface of the carrier plate 1
25 without contacting the carrier plate 1 and can be connected to the cable drum (not shown here) of the motor gear unit of the cable or Bowden cable window lifter.

For the optimum cable guide the upper and lower end
30 regions 2a, 2a', and 2b, 2b' of the guide rails 2, 2' which are shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 are formed like ramps, i.e. starting from their ends they rise in these end regions continuously up to the shaped height, which is indicated by the compaction of the
35 cross lines in the slot 20 and 20' up to the change into the cable guide pulleys 5, 5' and 6, 6'.

Alternatively the guide rails shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 can be curved in the longitudinal direction, which likewise ensures an optimum cable guide and insertion into the reversing devices.

The stamped regions which can be seen from the illustrations of the carrier plate 1 in Figure 2 and 3 show the structuring of the carrier plate 1 where despite the reduced material thickness of the carrier plate 1 it has optimum strength particularly in relation to side impact forces.

Different regions (not shown in further detail) of the carrier plate 1 serve to hold, fix or position door component parts such as speakers, lock systems or the like.

Figure 4 shows a cross-section through a guide rail 2 shaped from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 along the line IV-IV according to Figure 1 with a slot arranged in the apex of the shaped area and a two-part carrier 3 mounted on the arched guide rail 2 whereby the outer part 31 of this carrier bears against the outside 21 of the guide rail 2 and its inner part 32 bears against the inside 22 of the shaped area of the guide rail 2. A slot 35 in the outside and/or inside part 31, 32 of the two-part carrier 3 serves to receive and guide the cable 8 which is connected to the carrier 3 in a cable nipple chamber of said carrier 3.

A cover 9 is provided in the plane of the base surface B of the carrier plate 1 to separate the wet and dry space of the cable or Bowden cable window lifter. In the simplest case this cover can be a permanent adhesive strip of sufficient width which is stuck on the dry space side

of the carrier plate 1 on the edges adjoining the guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1, thereby forming an effective moisture barrier in the region of the open base surface of the guide rail 2.

5

Figure 5 shows a cross-section through a guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 and having a slot 20 formed in the apex of the shaped area and running in the longitudinal direction of the guide rail 2 to hold a one-piece carrier 3. The one-piece carrier 3 is shaped so that one part 33 of the carrier 3 bears against the outside of the guide rail 2 whilst the other part bears against the inside of the guide rail 2.

15 The inner part 34 of the one-piece carrier 3 and/or the part of the one-piece carrier 3 engaging through the slot 20 is configured so that the one-piece carrier 3 can be snap-fitted through the slot 20 into the guide rail 2 from outside the said guide rail 2 which is shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1. By way of example this can be achieved by suitably shaping the inside part 34 and by inserting the one-piece carrier 3 into the slot 20 and then turning the carrier 3. Alternatively the one-piece carrier 3 can be inserted inclined into the slot 20 and then through a subsequent tilting action can be connected with keyed engagement with the guide rail 2 where it is displaceable in the longitudinal direction of same.

30 As opposed to the two-part carrier 3 illustrated in Figure 4 the one-piece carrier 3 illustrated in Figure 5 has an eccentric fixing of the cable 8. The eccentric attachment of the cable to the carrier 3, unlike the central attachment of the cable, produces a tilting moment which during longitudinal displacement of the carrier 3 leads to a somewhat increased friction and thus to higher friction

losses. These losses can however be minimised through suitably matching up the materials.

With a curved carrier plate 1 it should additionally be
5 observed that the cable connected to the carrier 3 and
guided over the cable guide pulleys 5 and 6 at the ends of
the guide rail 2 which is shaped out from the base surface
of the carrier plate 1 does not intersect the base surface
of the carrier plate 1, i.e. there should be adequate
10 distance between the cable guide and the carrier plate 1.
This can be clearly seen in Figure 5 through the cable
marked by 8' in the case of a curved carrier plate 1.

The arrangement illustrated in Figure 5 likewise shows a
15 wet and dry space separation by attaching a permanent
adhesive strip 9 on the dry space side of the carrier
plate 1 along the guide rail 2 which has been shaped out
from the base surface of the carrier plate 1. For this
type of wet /dry space separation it is possible to use in
20 place of a simple permanent adhesive strip 9 also any
other type of cover part. Figures 6 and 7 show in
connection with a single or two-part carrier 3 different
forms for covering the guide rail 2 shaped out of the base
surface of the carrier plate 1 in order to separate the
25 wet and dry space.

Figure 6 shows a cover for the base of the guide rail in
the region of the base surface of the carrier plate 1
using a shaped part 10 which is preferably made from
30 plastics and is inserted in the guide rail 2 which is
shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1.
This shaped part 10 can be inserted with force-locking or
positive keyed engagement into the opening formed by the
shaped areas of the guide rail 2.

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Figure 7 shows the possibility for separating the wet and dry space using a moulded plastics member 11 which bears against the side edges adjoining the opening of the guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1, and is connected by suitable means, for example by an adhesive or push-fit connection, with the dry space side of the carrier plate 1.

Figure 8 shows a guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of a carrier plate 1 and having side grooves 21, 22 which adjoin the base surface of the carrier plate 1. A cover 12 having side projections 121, 122 corresponding to these grooves 21, 22 is inserted into said grooves 21, 22. The stable embodiment of the cover 12 in connection with a cable guide 123 arranged in the region of the window lifter cable 8 produces an extremely stable cover for separating the wet and dry space ~~[whilst]~~ while at the same time guiding the window lifter cable 8. The carrier 3 can be selectively formed in one or two parts according to the previous embodiments and the one-piece embodiment of a carrier according to Figures 9a-9c.

Figure 9a shows a ~~[plan]~~ side view ~~[of the underneath]~~ of a one-piece carrier 3 having an oblong fixing and slide region 30 which is connected through a cylindrical through-axis 300 to the part of the carrier 3 bearing against the outside of the guide rail 2.

As seen in Figure 9b, ~~[T]~~this one-piece carrier 3 is inserted from outside of the guide rail 2 into the slot 20 of the guide rail, with the fixing and slide region 30 aligning with the slot 20 of the guide rail 2.

By turning the one-piece carrier 3 about 90 degrees as shown in Figure 9c, the oblong fixing and slide region 30 moves against the inside of the guide rail 2 thereby

establishing a keyed connection between the carrier 3 and the guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1 [~~whilst~~ while maintaining the longitudinal displaceability of the carrier 3 relative to the longitudinal extension of the guide rail 2.

For the cover it is possible to use one of the covers described above, for example an adhesive strip or a flat foil 9 which is placed on and then connected to the edges of the guide rail 2 shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1

Figures 10 and 11 show an embodiment of a two-piece carrier before and after the connection of the two constituent parts, which is particularly suitable for connecting with a guide rail 2, 2' shaped in the manner described above from the base surface of the carrier plate 1.

The carrier 3 has a window pane socket 37 in which a window pane is inserted and connected to the carrier 3. To compensate tilting movements in the window pane resilient tongues 38, 38' are provided on the underneath of the window pane socket 37. The carrier base body 31 of the two-part carrier 3 has a cable nipple chamber 36 along which runs the dividing line between the carrier base body 31 and a counter member 32, i.e. the two parts 31, 32 which make up the two-part carrier 3.

Openings 41, 41' and 42, 42' are provided above and below the cable nipple chamber ~~[6]~~ 36 to hold connecting webs 43, 43'; 44, 44' of the counter member 32 of the carrier 3 which to connect the carrier base body 31 to the counter member 32 engage with detent action in the openings 41, 41' and 42, 42' respectively and which after connecting the counter member 32 to the carrier base body 31

[~~17~~]

establish by bending or another way a fixed positive keyed connection between the two parts 31, 32 of the two-part carrier 3 after it has been fitted on the guide rail 2, 2' which is shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate 1.

A cable opening 39, 40 of the cable nipple chamber 36 is provided between the openings 41, 41' and 42, 42' to receive the cable which is connected in the cable nipple chamber 36 fixedly to the carrier 3 for example through the arrangement of a shaped member fixed on the cable.

The counter member 32 of the carrier 3 preferably consists of a sheet metal angle plate 45 with angled connecting webs 43, 43' and 44, 44' as well as a plastics insert 46 which in the assembled state of the carrier 3 illustrated in Figure 11 bears against the inside of the guide rail (not shown) [~~2~~], [~~2'~~] which is shaped out from the base surface of the carrier plate (not shown) [~~1~~].

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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A window lifter includes a rope or a Bowden cable and is
used in motor vehicles. The window lifter also includes
guide rails that are integrated into the base surface of a
carrier plate of a motor vehicle door. The window lifter
also includes carriers that can be displaced along the
guide rails and receive a window pane as well as reversing
devices that are arranged at the ends of the guide rails.
10 The rope engages with the carriers and a drive device and
is guided via the reversing devices. The guide rails
protrude from the base surface of the carrier plate, have
a slot that extends in the longitudinal direction and are
covered on the open base side of the carrier plate in a
15 dampproof manner. The carriers can be at least partially
situated on the external and internal side of the guide
rails and pass through the respective slot to engage with
the rails.